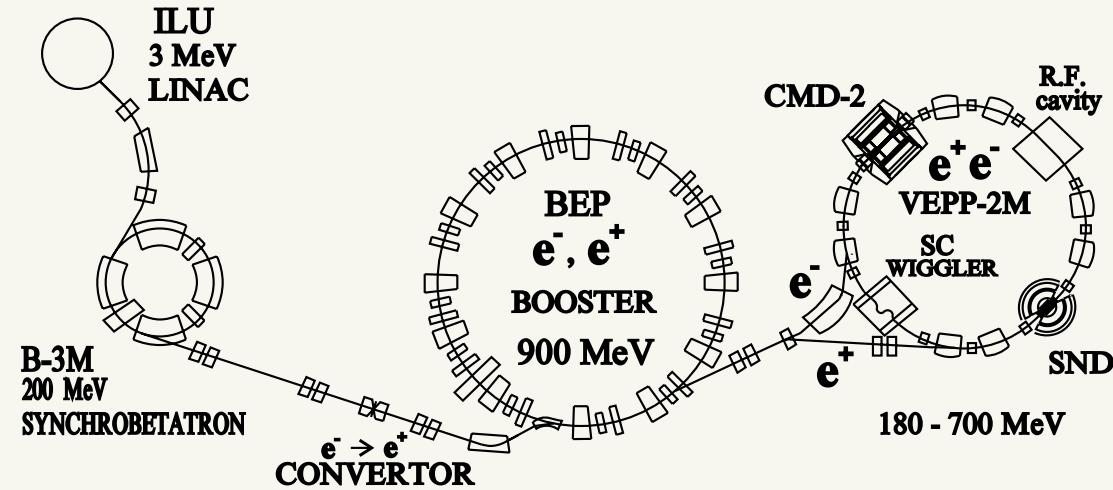


# Review of results from SND detector

T.Dimova

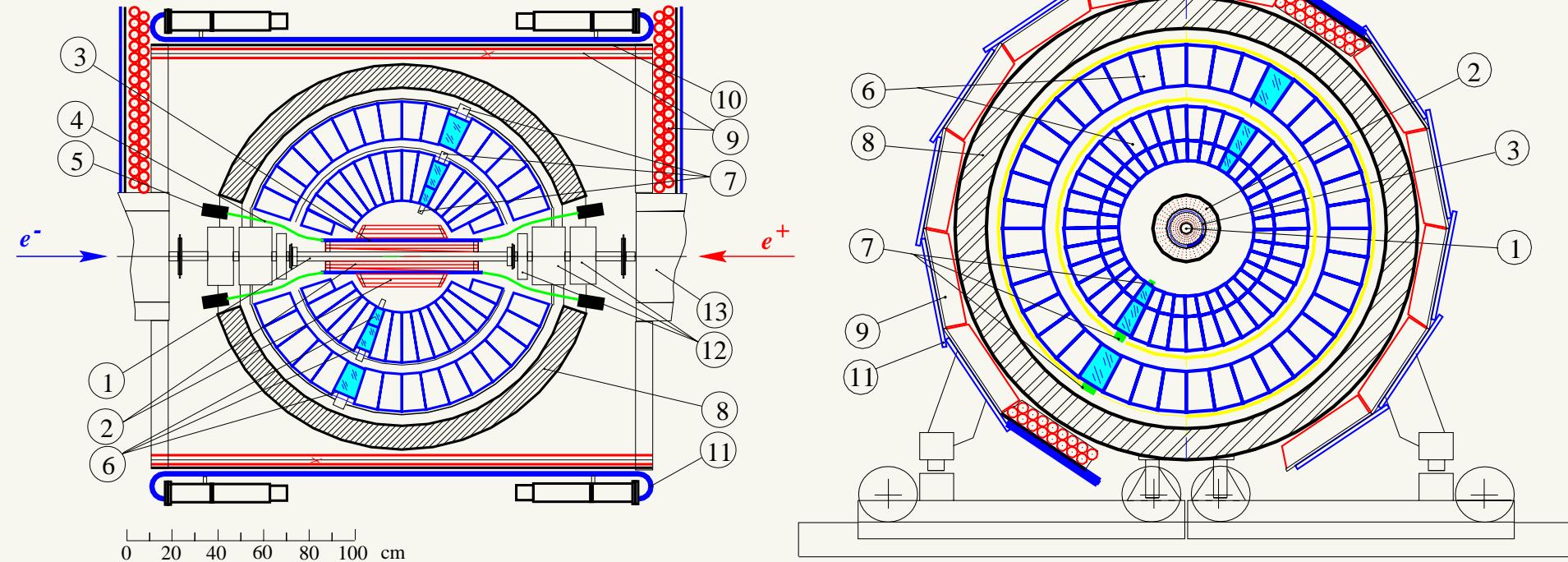
BINP, Novosibirsk,Russia

## VEPP-2M $e^+e^-$ collider



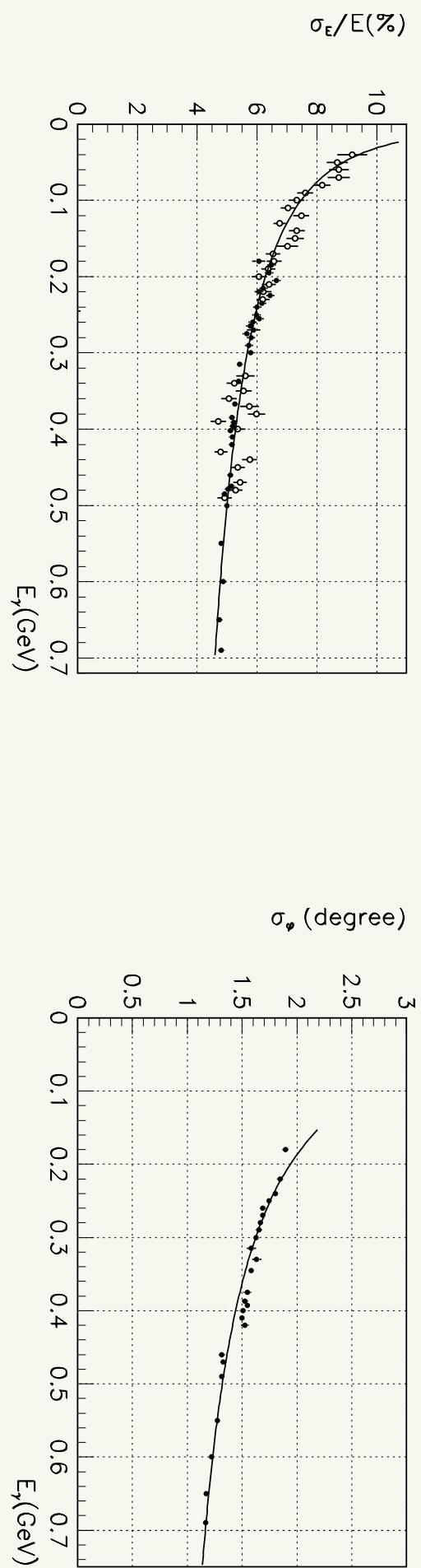
Beam energy, MeV	180-700
Peak luminosity ( $E_b = 500\text{MeV}$ ), $\text{cm}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$	$3 \cdot 10^{30}$
Energy spread ( $E_b = 500\text{MeV}$ ), keV	300
Beam current, mA	50
Time between collisions, ns	60
Bunch length, cm	2

## SND Detector



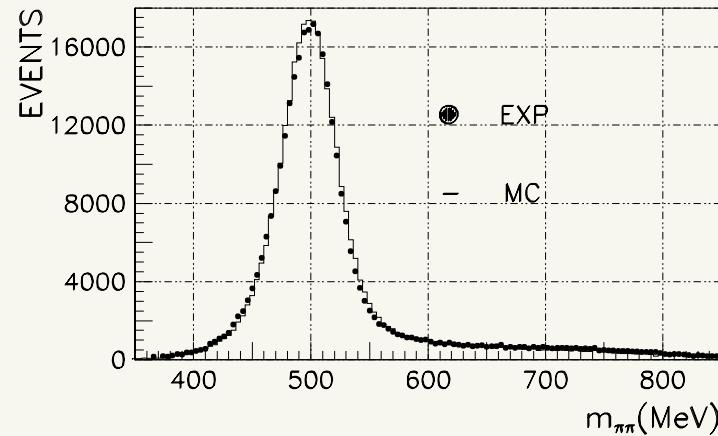
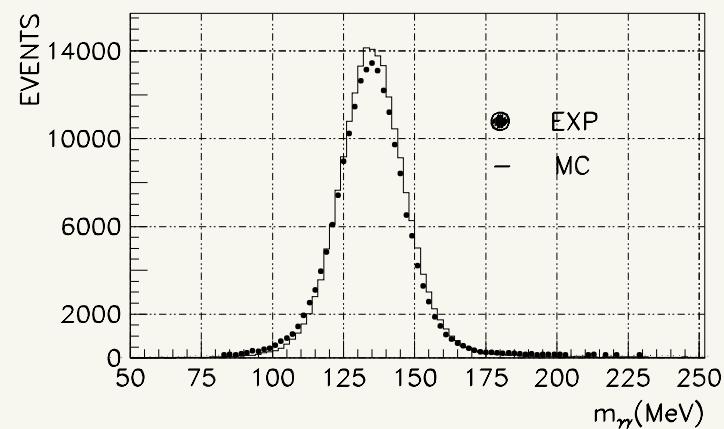
1 - beam pipe, 2 - drift chambers, 3 - scintillation counter, 4 - lightguides, 5 - PMTs, 6 - NaI(Tl) crystals, 7 - vacuum phototriodes, 8 - iron absorber, 9 - streamer tubes, 10 - 1 cm iron plates, 11 - scintillation counters, 12 and 13 - collider magnets.

## List of SND parameters: Calorimeter :

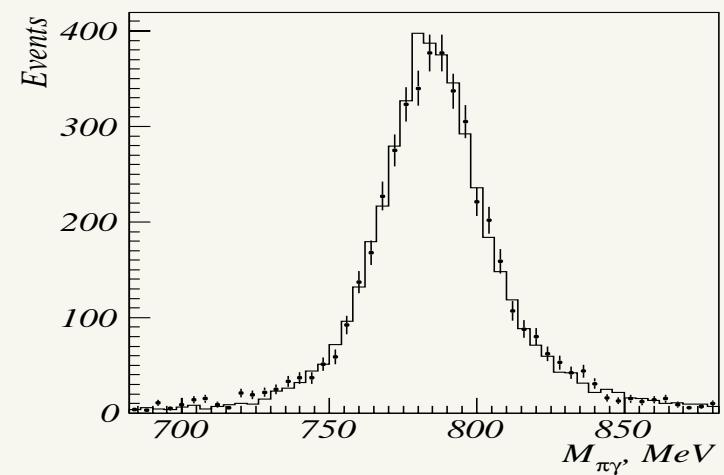


Total number of NaI(Tl) counters	1632
Angular size of the counter	$\Delta\varphi = \Delta\vartheta = 9^\circ$
Energy resolution for $\gamma$ 's	$\sigma_E/E = \frac{4.2\%}{\sqrt[4]{(E(GeV))}}$
Angular resolution for $\gamma$ 's	$\sigma_\varphi = \frac{0.82^\circ}{\sqrt{E(GeV)}} \oplus 0.63^\circ$
Minimal spatial angle for two photons separation	$\Delta\varphi \sim \Delta\vartheta \sim 18^\circ$

## SND calorimeter performance

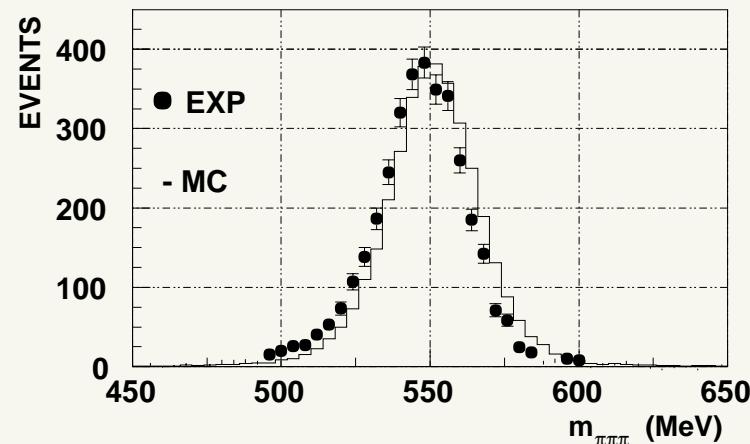


Invariant-mass spectra in  $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  decay



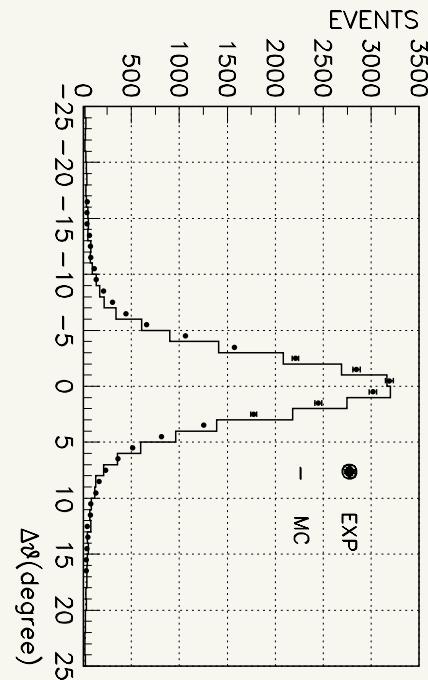
Invariant-mass spectra in  $\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma$  decay

Invariant-mass spectra in  $K_S \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$  decay

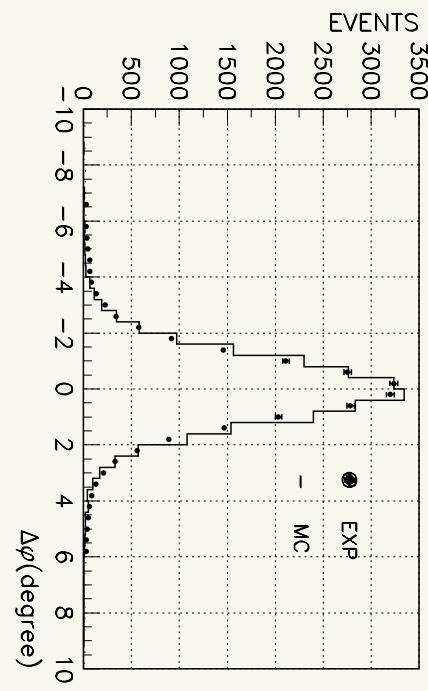


Invariant-mass spectra in  $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$  decay

## List of SND parameters: Drift chambers:



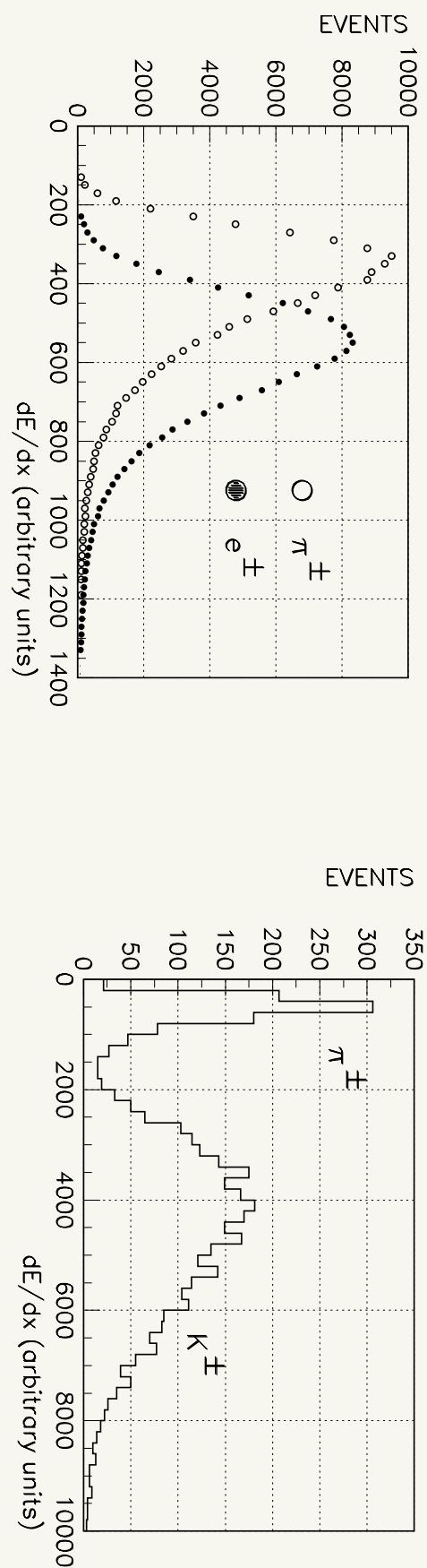
$\Delta\theta$  distribution for  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$



$\Delta\phi$  distribution for  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

Spatial resolution for tracks (P=300 MeV/c)	$\sigma_\varphi = 0.54^\circ$ , $\sigma_\theta = 1.9^\circ$
Minimal azimuth angle for charged particles separation	$\Delta\varphi \sim 18^\circ$
Material before the chamber	0.27 g/cm <sup>2</sup>
Probability of γ-conversion before the chamber	0.57%

## SND tracking system performance



$dE/dx$  distribution for

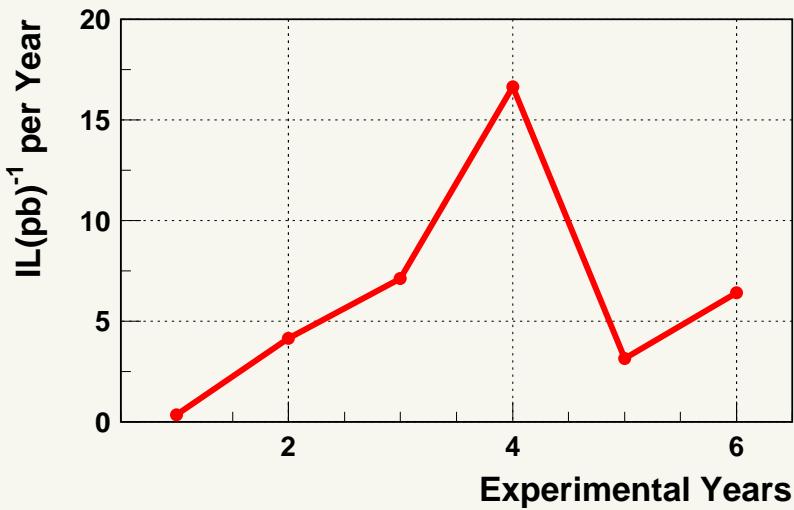
$e^\pm$  and  $\pi^\pm$

$$\sigma_{dE/dx} \sim 30\%$$

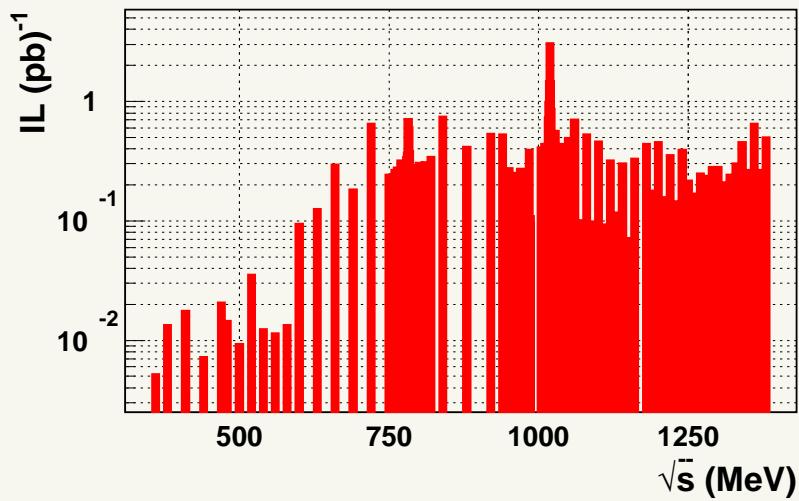
$dE/dx$  distribution for

$\pi^\pm$  and  $K^\pm$

## Integrated Luminosity



Integrated luminosity collected by SND per experimental year



Integrated luminosity collected by SND in the energy region  $\sqrt{s} = 360 - 1380 \text{ MeV}$

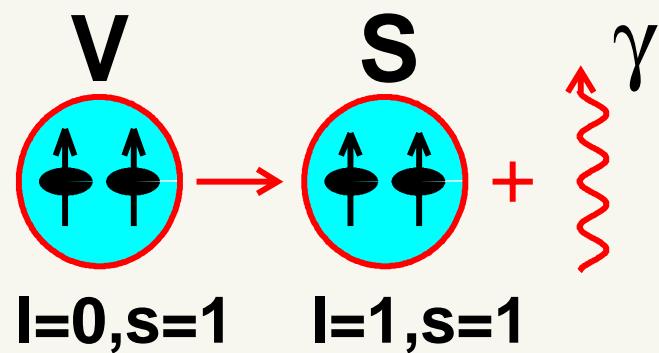
Total integrated luminosity  $IL \simeq 30 \text{ (pb)}^{-1} (1995 - 2000)$

Luminosity measurement:

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^-, e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

Accuracy  $\sim 1.5\% - 2\%$

## Electric dipole radiative decays

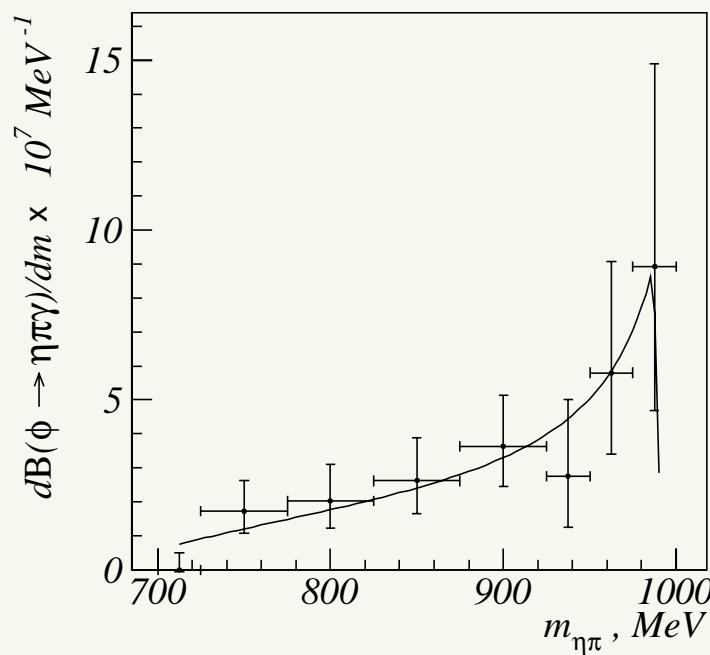
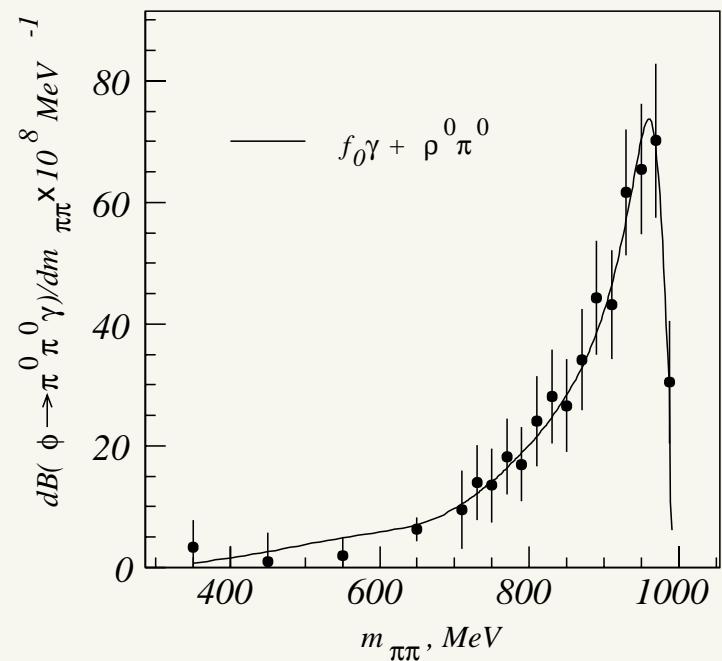


$$V \rightarrow S\gamma$$
$$(V = \phi, \omega, \rho)$$
$$(S = f_0(980), a_0(980), \sigma(?))$$

SND study:

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma, \eta \pi^0 \gamma$$
$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma,$$
$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \rho \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$$

## Electric dipole radiative decays of $\phi$ meson



$$B(\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma) = (1.22 \pm 0.12) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$B(\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma) = (0.88 \pm 0.17) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$B(\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma) = (3.5 \pm 0.3 \pm 1.3) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

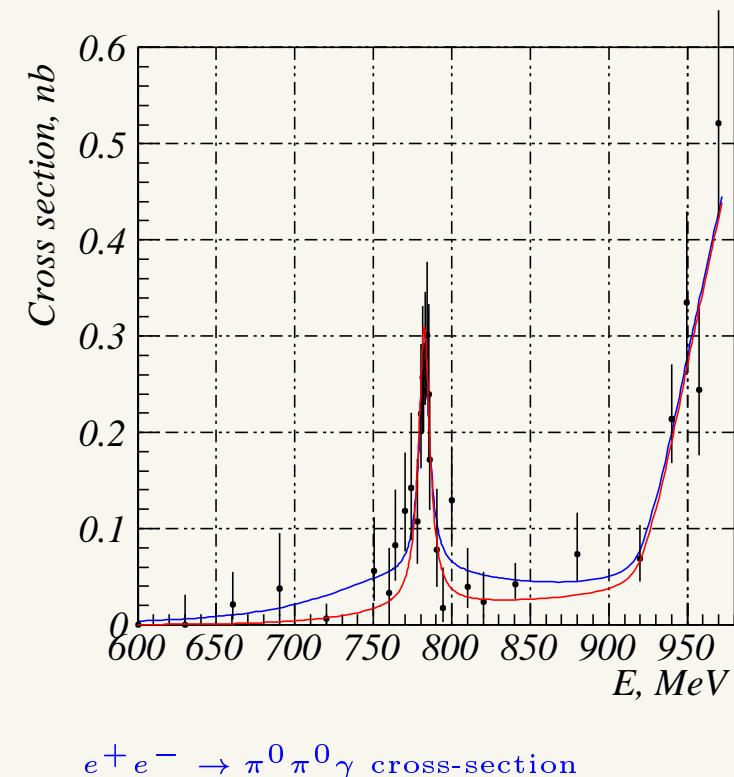
$$B(\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma) = (0.88 \pm 0.17) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

## Electric dipole radiative decays of $\phi$ meson

	SND	CMD-2	KLOE(*)
$B(\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma) (\cdot 10^{-4})$ $m_{\pi\pi} > 700 \text{ MeV}$	$1.034 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.046$	$0.92 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.06$	$0.79 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.08$
$B(\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma)$ ( $\cdot 10^{-4}$ )	$0.88 \pm 0.17$	$0.90 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.10$	$0.74 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.07$
$B(\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma)$ ( $\cdot 10^{-4}$ )	$3.5 \pm 0.3^{+1.3}_{-0.5}$	$2.90 \pm 0.21 \pm 1.54$	$2.37 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.24$
$B(\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma)$ ( $\cdot 10^{-4}$ )	$0.88 \pm 0.17$		$0.58 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.06$

(\*) - systematic error was set to 10%

$\rho, \omega \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$  decays



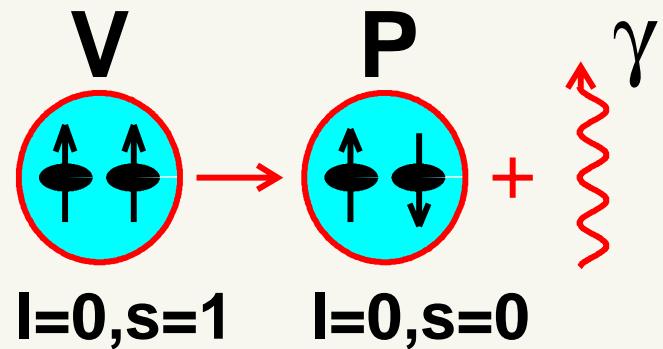
SND results ( $IL = 9 \text{ (pb)}^{-1}$ ):

$$B(\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma) = (6.3 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.8) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$B(\rho \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma) = (4.0 \pm^{1.0}_{0.9} \pm 0.4) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$B(\rho \rightarrow S\gamma \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma) = (2.0 \pm^{0.8}_{0.7} \pm 0.3) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

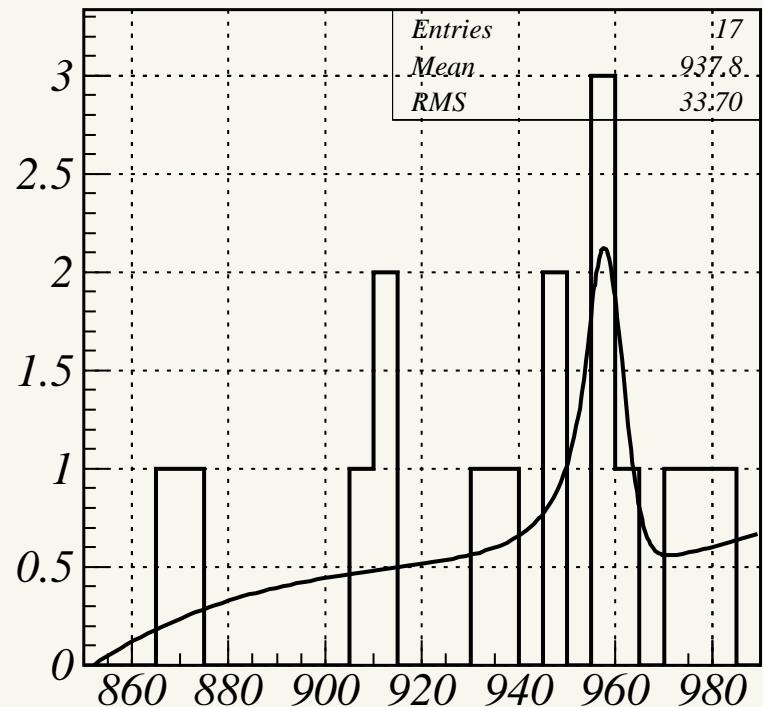
## Magnetic dipole radiative decays



$$\begin{aligned}V &\rightarrow P\gamma \\(V &= \phi, \omega, \rho) \\(P &= \pi^0, \eta, \eta')\end{aligned}$$

SND study:

$$\begin{aligned}e^+e^- &\rightarrow \phi \rightarrow \eta'\gamma, \pi^0\gamma, \eta\gamma, \\e^+e^- &\rightarrow \omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma, \eta\gamma \\e^+e^- &\rightarrow \rho \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma, \eta\gamma\end{aligned}$$

$\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma$ 

 $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta, \eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma:$ 

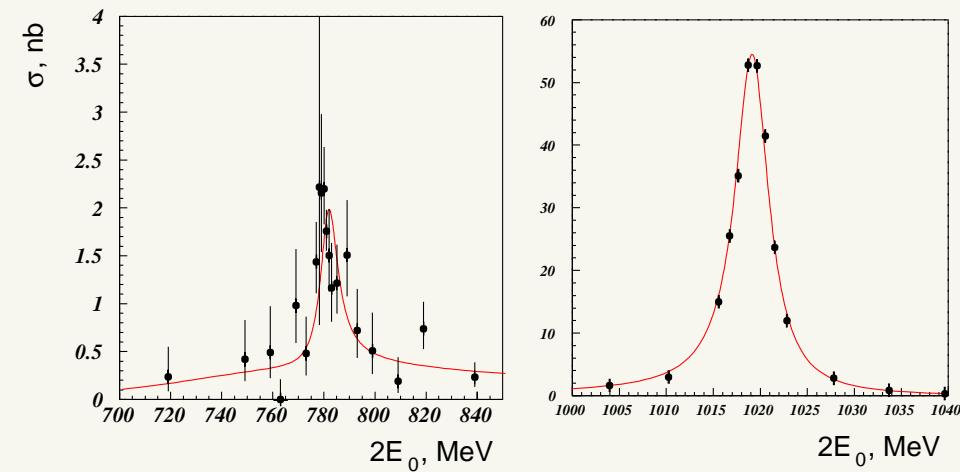
$$B(\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma) = (6.7 \pm^{3.4}_{2.9}) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

 $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \eta, \eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma:$ 

$$B(\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma) = (4.3 \pm 1.6 \pm 0.9) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

SND      CMD2      KLOE

$$B(\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma) \cdot 10^5 \quad 4.9 \pm^{1.6}_{1.5} \quad 6.4 \pm 1.6 \quad 6.8 \pm 0.8$$

$\rho, \omega, \phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma$ 


$B(\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma)(\cdot 10^{-2})$

$\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma: 1.34 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.05$

$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0: 1.26 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.06$

$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0: 1.35 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.05$

$\text{Average: } 1.310 \pm 0.045$

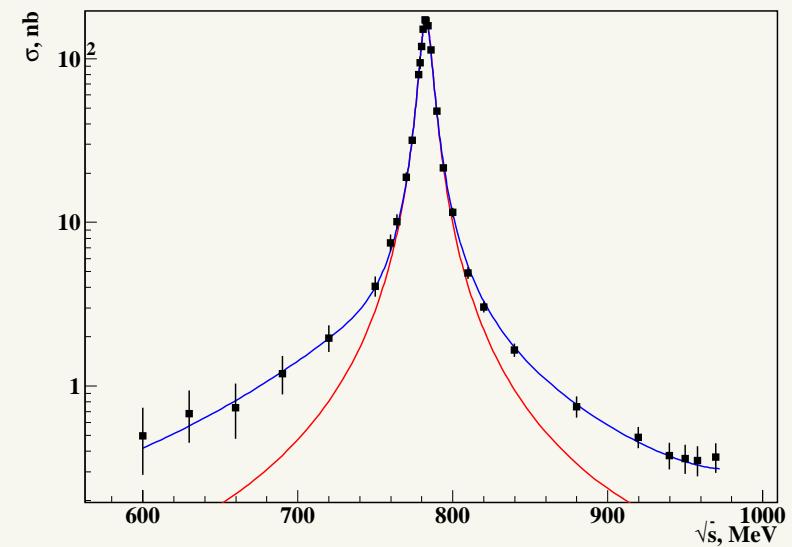
$B(\rho \rightarrow \eta\gamma) = (2.77 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.16) \cdot 10^{-4}$

$B(\omega \rightarrow \eta\gamma) = (4.22 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.17) \cdot 10^{-4}$

Experimental ratio of the partial width:

$\Gamma_{\omega\eta\gamma} : \Gamma_{\rho\eta\gamma} : \Gamma_{\phi\eta\gamma} = 1 : (11.7 \pm 1.9) : (15.9 \pm 1.9)$

Prediction of the simple quark model: 1:8:12

$\rho, \omega, \phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma$ 


$B(\rho \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma) = (5.03 \pm 1.17 \pm 0.83) \cdot 10^{-4}$

$B(\omega \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma) = (9.17 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.46) \cdot 10^{-2}$

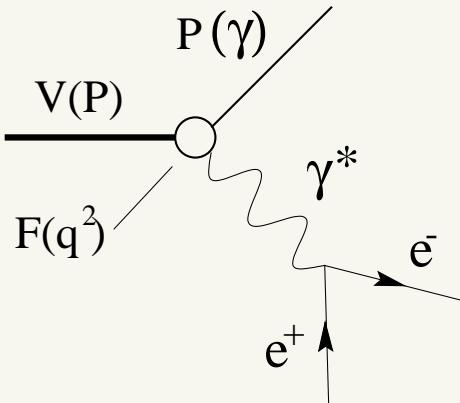
$B(\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma) = (1.23 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.09) \cdot 10^{-3}$

Experimental ratio of the partial width:

$\Gamma_{\omega \pi^0 \gamma} : \Gamma_{\rho \pi^0 \gamma} : \Gamma_{\phi \pi^0 \gamma} = 1 : (0.97 \pm 2.8) : (7 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-3}$

Prediction of the quark model:  $1 : 1/9 : 0.01$

## Conversion decays $\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-$ , $\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ , $\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$

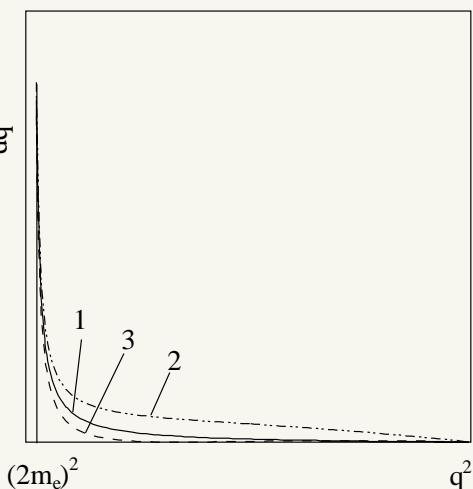


### Branching Ratios

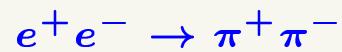
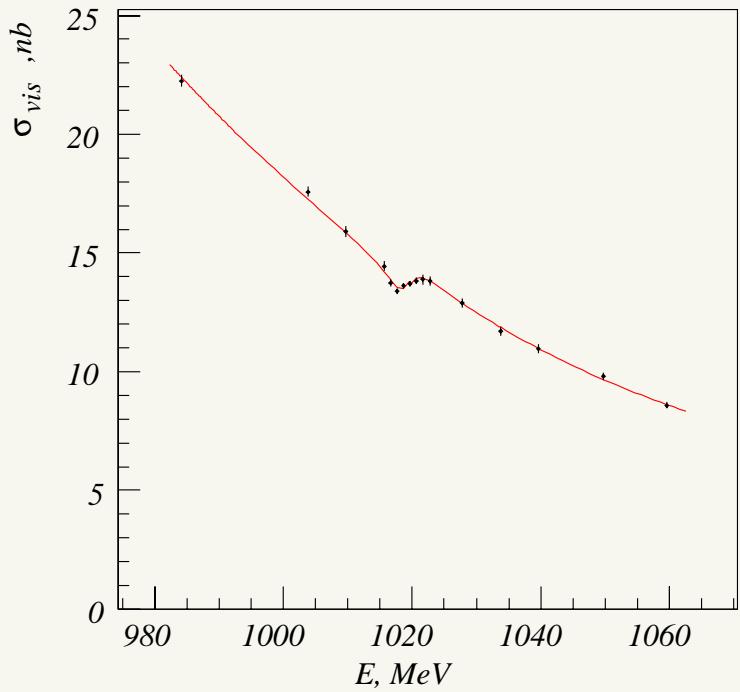
	$\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-$ ( $\cdot 10^{-4}$ )	$\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$ ( $\cdot 10^{-3}$ )	$\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ ( $\cdot 10^{-5}$ )
SND	$1.19 \pm 0.22$	$5.15 \pm 0.96$	$1.05 \pm 0.37$
CMD-2	$1.17 \pm 0.12$	$7.10 \pm 0.79$	$1.22 \pm 0.40$
SND&CMD-2	$1.18 \pm 0.11$	$6.31 \pm 0.61$	$1.13 \pm 0.27$
Theory	$1.10 \pm 0.1$	$6.5-6.8$	$1.3-1.6$
PDG(2000)	$1.3^{+0.8}_{-0.6}$	$4.9 \pm 1.1$	$< 1.2 \cdot 10^{-4}$

### Transition Form Factors Slopes

	$\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-$ $\text{GeV}^{-2}$	$\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$ $\text{GeV}^{-2}$	$\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ $\text{GeV}^{-2}$
SND	$3.8 \pm 1.8$	$1.6 \pm 2.0$	—
Theory (VDM)	1.0	1.8	—
Previous measurement	—	$-0.7 \pm 1.5$	—

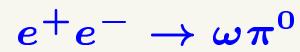
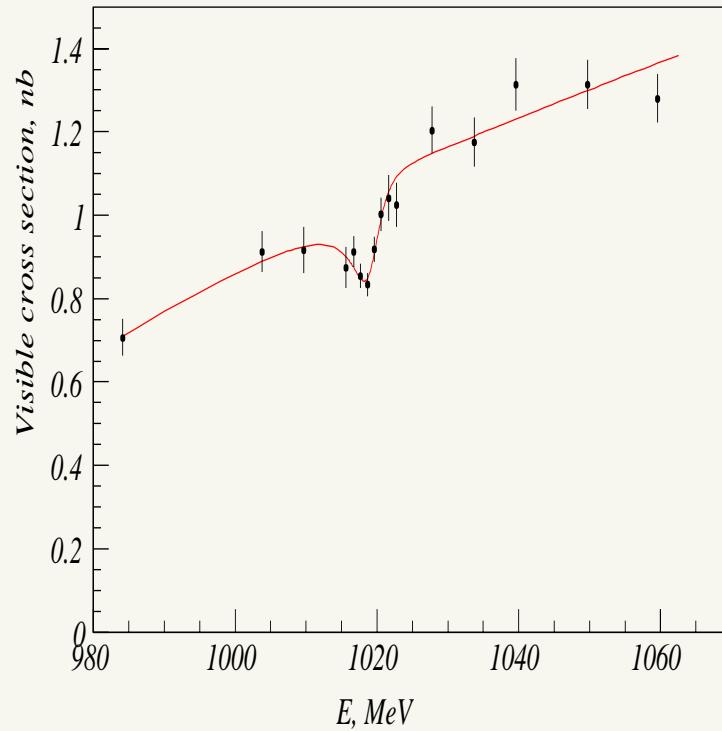


## OZI and G-parity suppressed $\phi \rightarrow \omega\pi^0$ and $\pi^+\pi^-$ decays



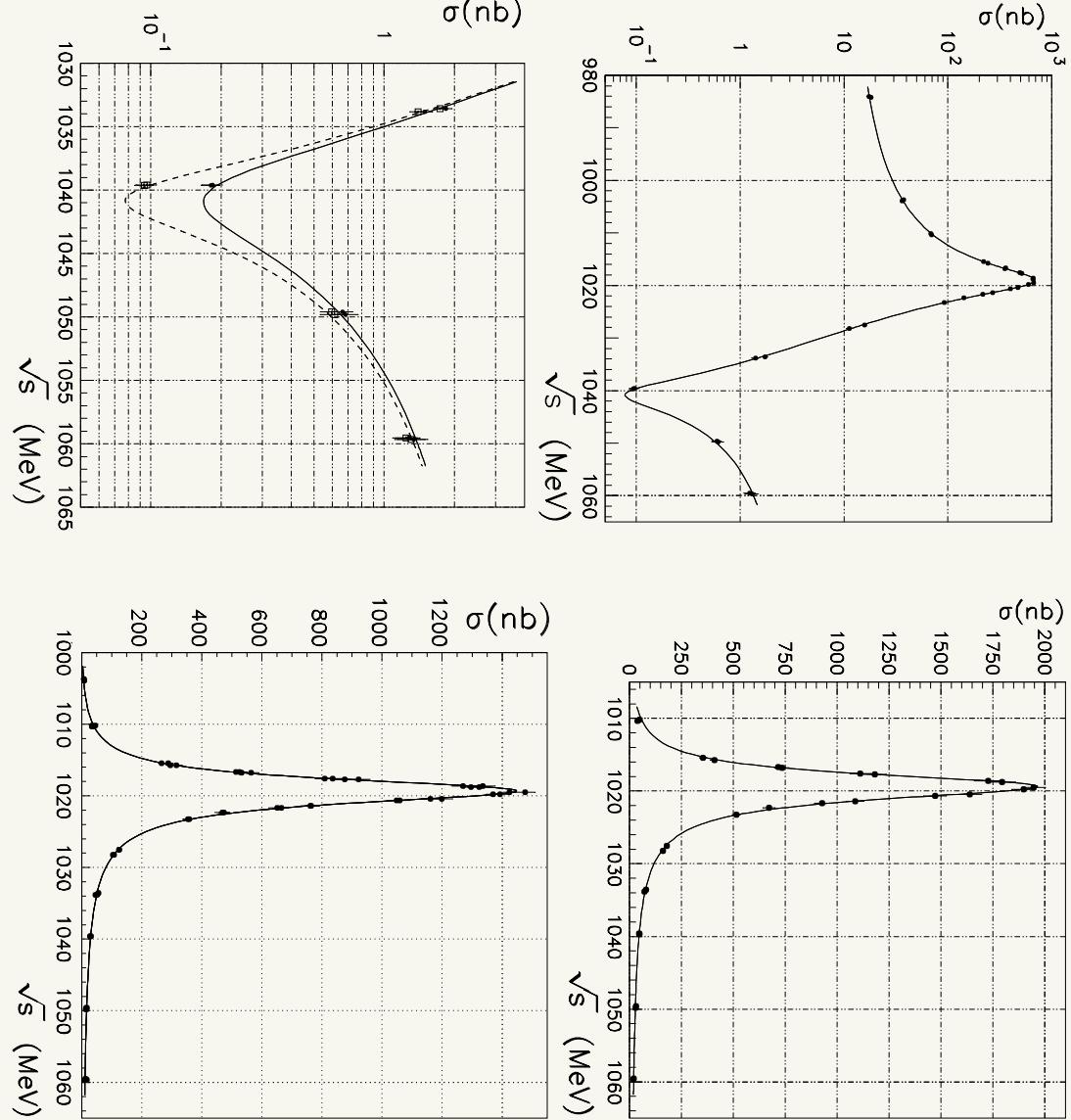
$$\sigma(s) = \sigma_0(s) \times \left| 1 - Z \frac{m_\phi \Gamma_\phi}{D_\phi(s)} \right|^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Re}(Z) \\ & \text{Im}(Z) \\ & B(\phi \rightarrow X) \cdot 10^5 \end{aligned}$$



$\pi^+\pi^-$	$\omega\pi^0$
$0.061 \pm 0.006$	$0.108 \pm 0.16$
$-0.041 \pm 0.007$	$-0.125 \pm 0.020$
$7.1 \pm 1.4$	$5.2 \pm 1.3$

## ϕ meson parameters study

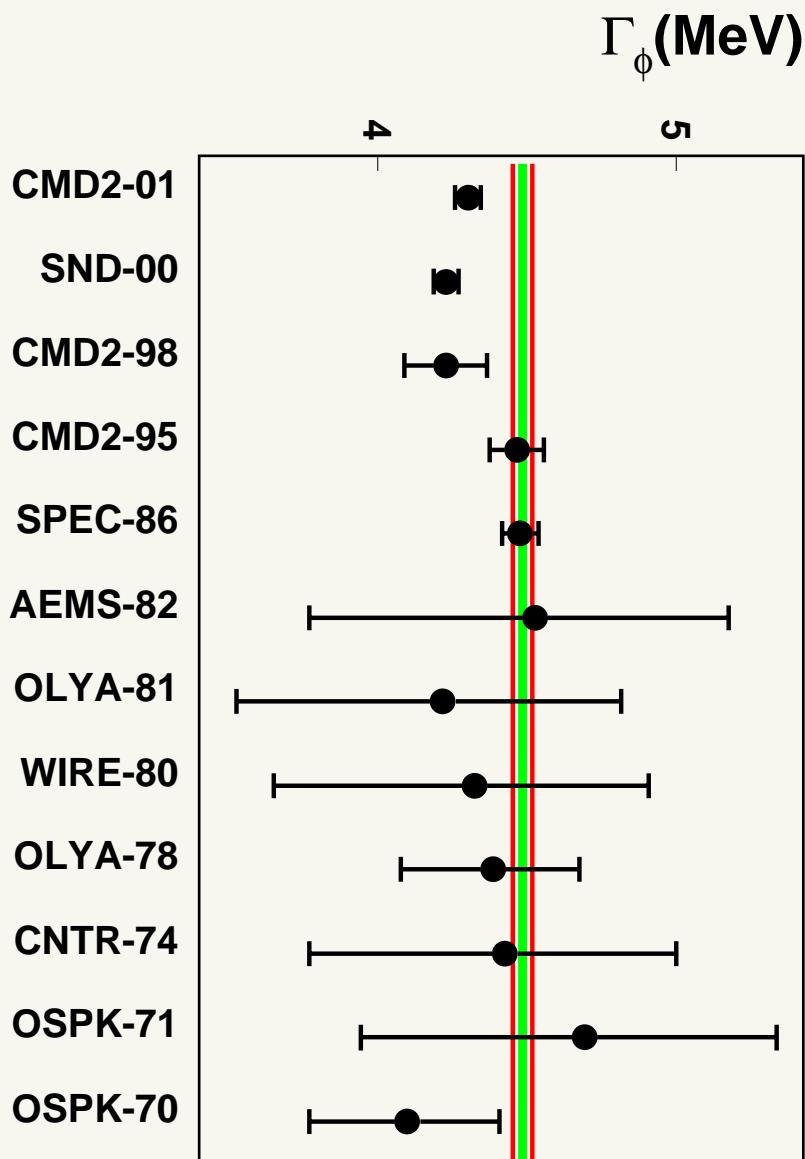


$980 \leq \sqrt{s} \leq 1060 \text{ MeV}$   
 $IL = 8.5 \text{ (pb)}^{-1}$   
 $N_{K^+K^-} = 10^6$   
 $N_{K_S K_L} = 0.5 \times 10^6$   
 $N_{3\pi} = 0.4 \times 10^6$

## $\phi$ meson parameters study

	SND	PDG-2000
$m_\phi$ , MeV	<b>1019.42 ± 0.05</b>	<b>1019.417 ± 0.014</b>
$\Gamma_\phi$ , MeV	<b>4.21 ± 0.04</b>	<b>4.458 ± 0.032</b>
$B(\phi \rightarrow e^+e^-) \cdot 10^4$	<b>2.93 ± 0.14</b>	<b>2.91 ± 0.07</b>
$B(\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-)$ , %	<b>47.6 ± 1.7</b>	<b>49.2 ± 0.7</b>
$B(\phi \rightarrow K_S K_L)$ , %	<b>35.1 ± 1.3</b>	<b>33.8 ± 0.6</b>
$B(\phi \rightarrow 3\pi)$ , %	<b>15.9 ± 0.8</b>	<b>15.5 ± 0.6</b>
$B(\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma)$ , %	<b>1.33 ± 0.06</b>	<b>1.297 ± 0.033</b>
$\frac{g_{\phi K^+ K^-}}{g_{\phi K_S K_L}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{Z(m_\phi)}}$	<b>0.92 ± 0.03</b>	<b>0.95 ± 0.01</b>

# $\phi$ meson parameters study

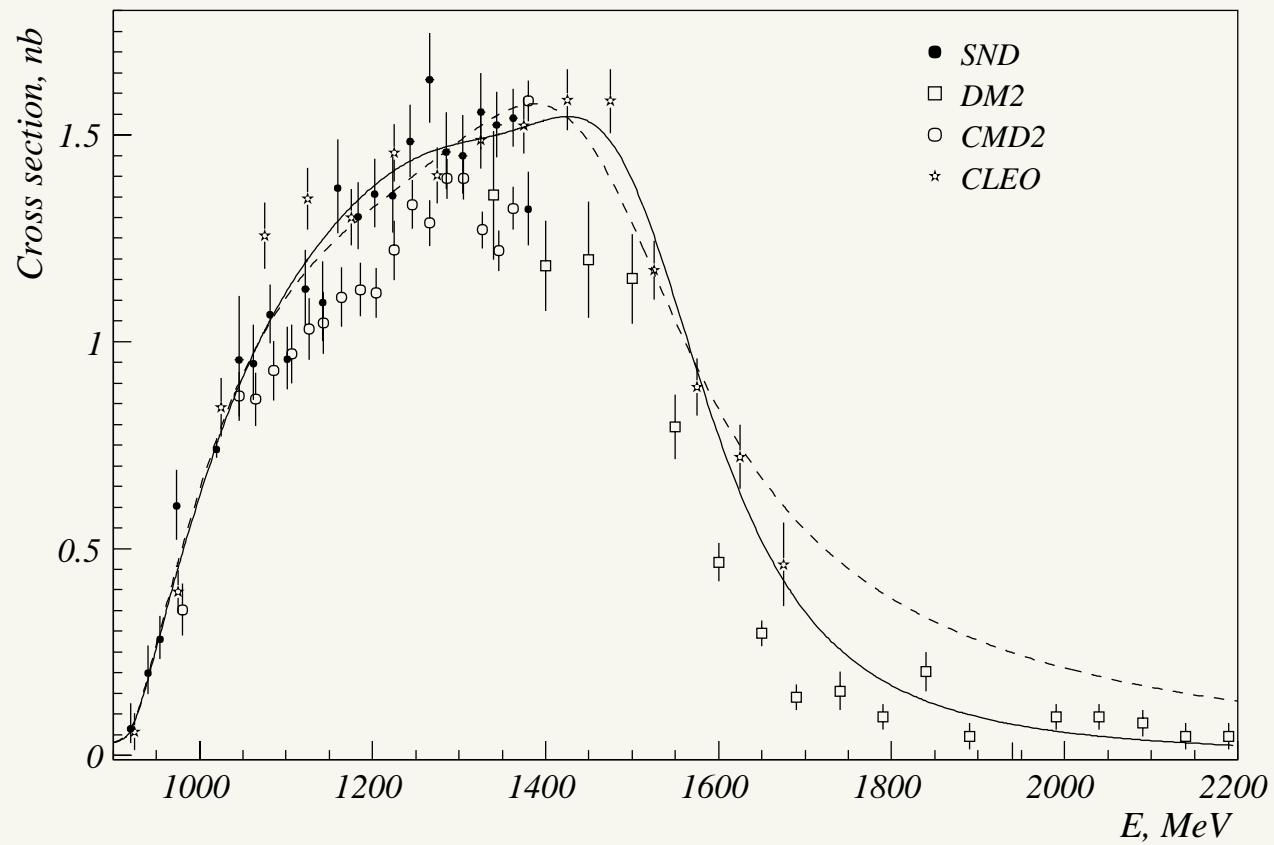


## $e^+e^-$ annihilation into hadrons above 1 GeV

SND studies of the  $e^+e^- \rightarrow$  hadrons :

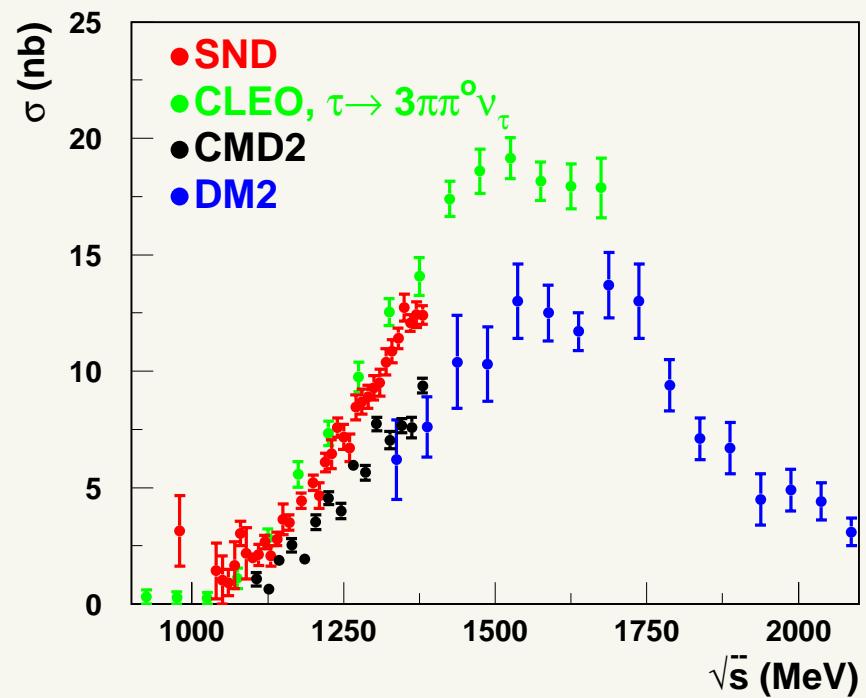
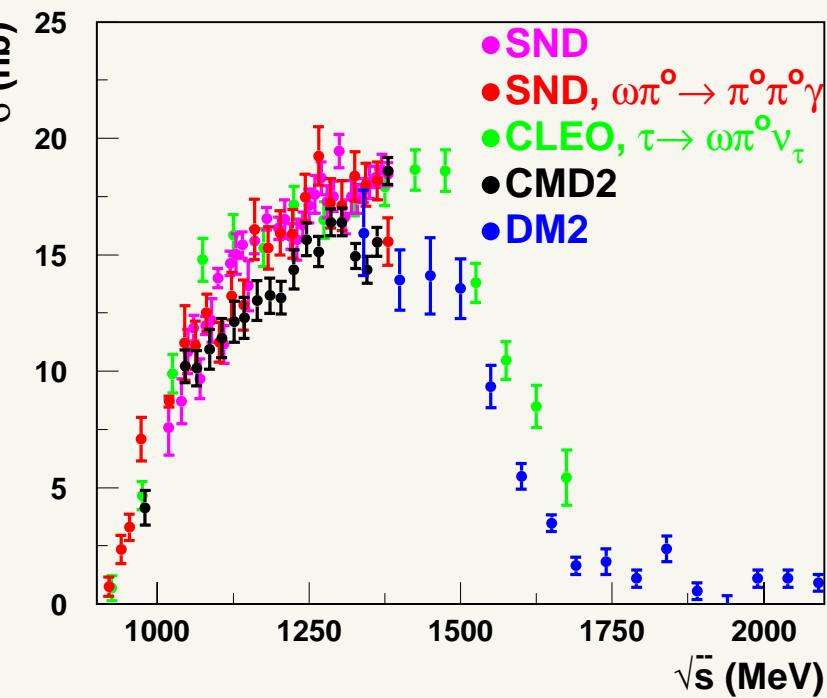
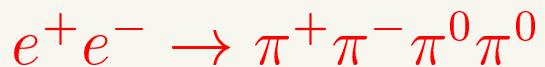
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \rho\pi, \omega\pi \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\pi \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \rho\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\pi, \rho\pi\pi, \rho^+\rho^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\pi\pi, \eta\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow K_S K_L$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$$



$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\pi \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$$

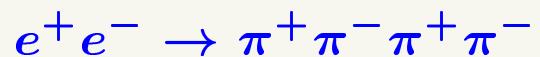
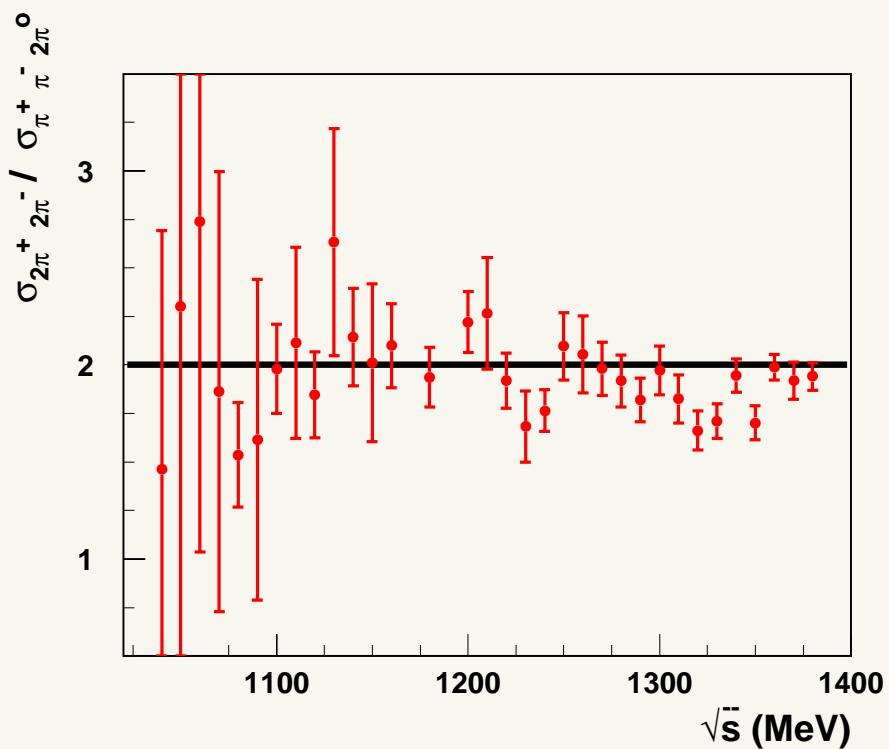
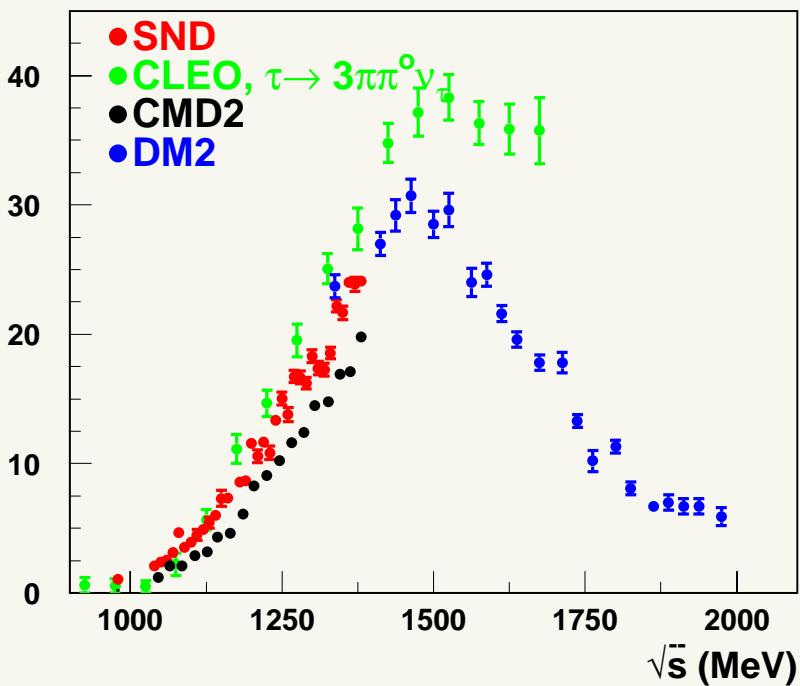
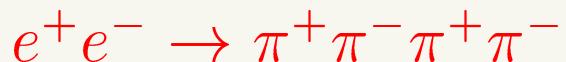
Systematic error: 5 %



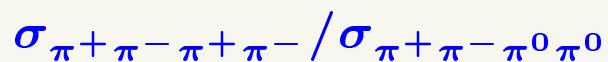
Systematic error: 20 % ( $\sqrt{s} < 1150$  MeV)  
15 % ( $\sqrt{s} > 1150$  MeV)

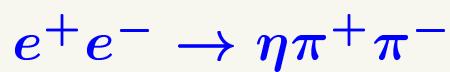
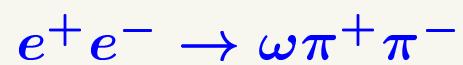
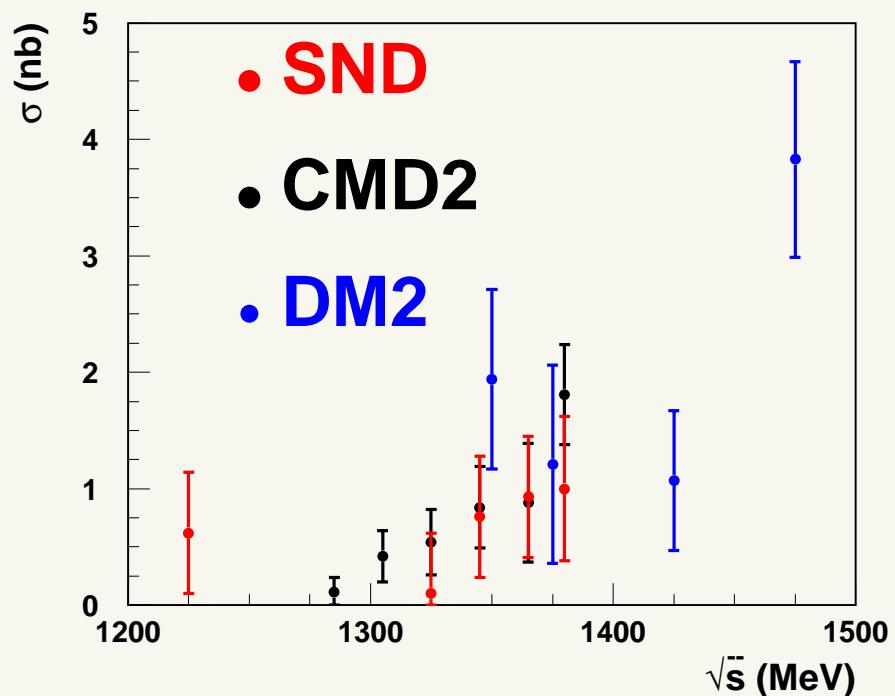
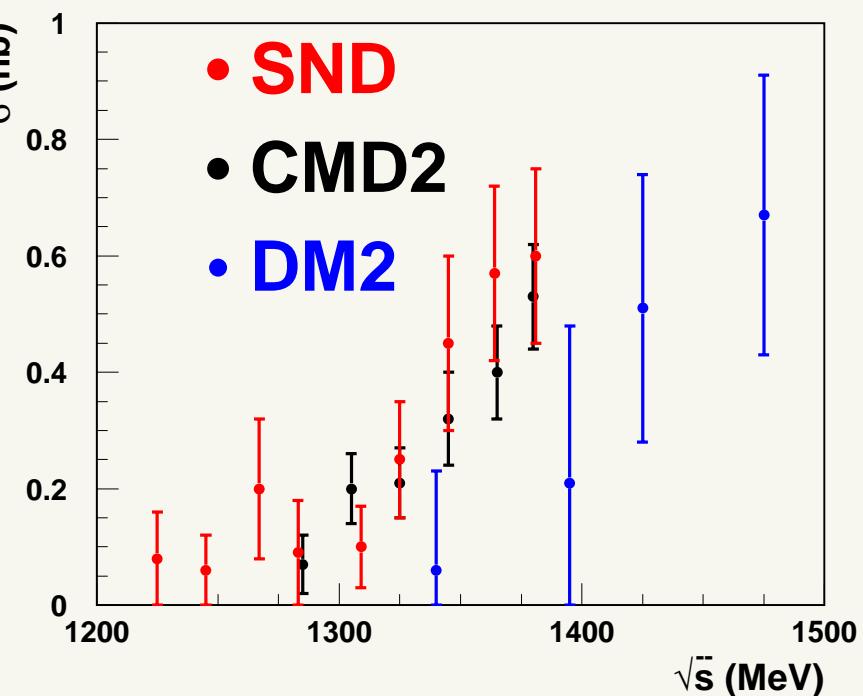
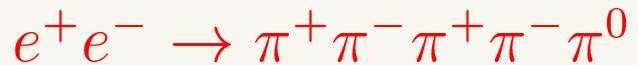


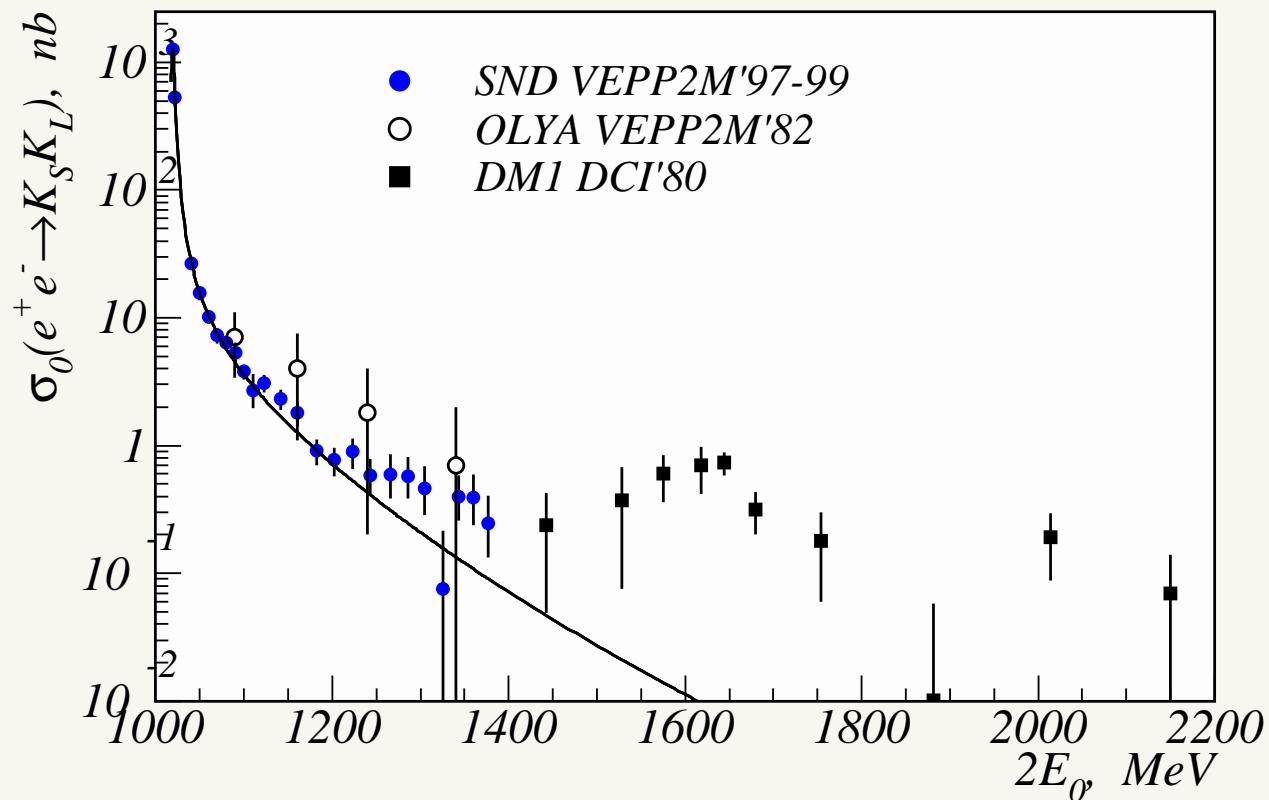
( $\omega\pi^0$  subtracted)  
Systematic error: 20 %



Systematic error: 12 % ( $\sqrt{s} < 1150$  MeV)  
8 % ( $\sqrt{s} > 1150$  MeV)



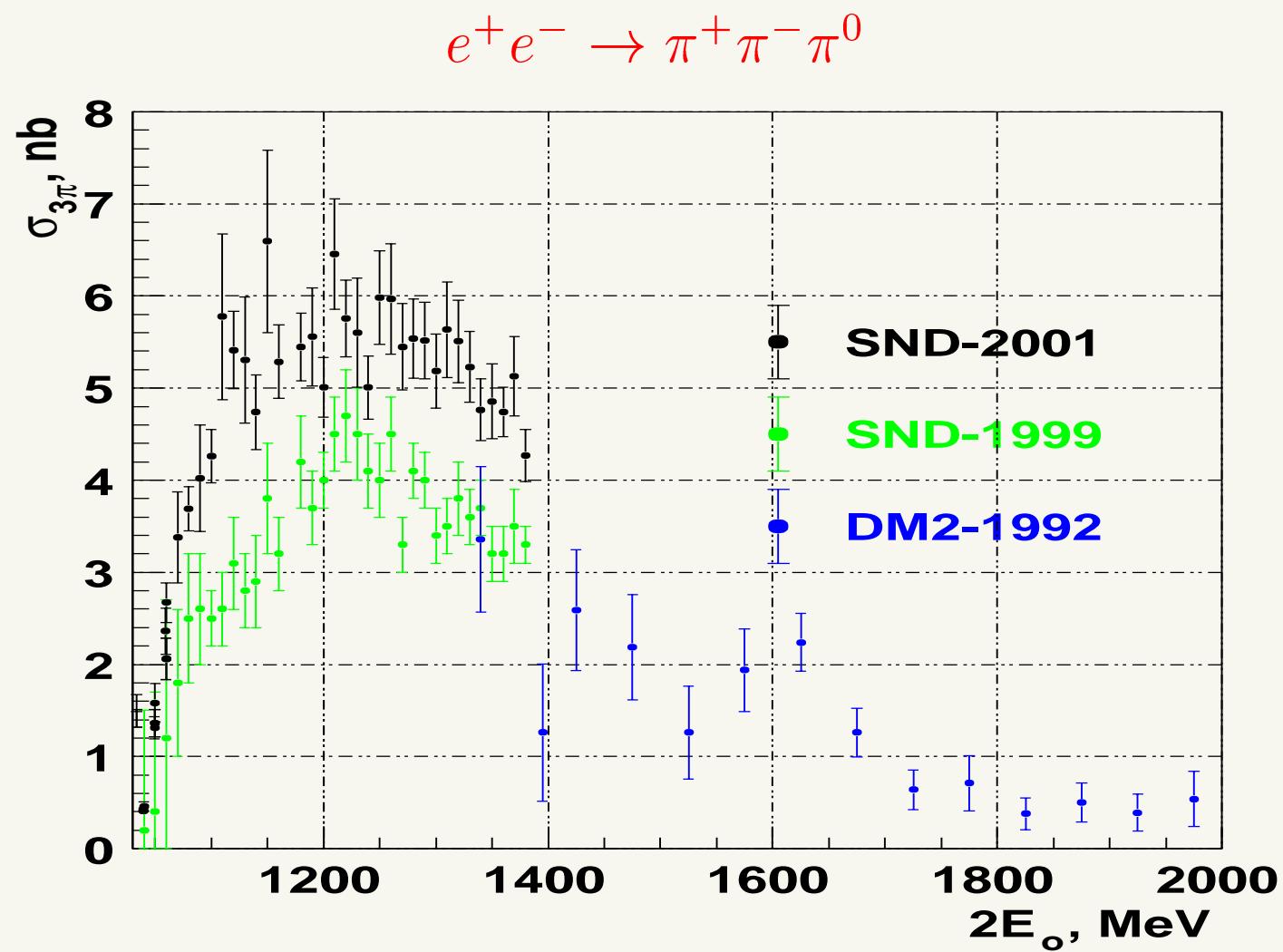


$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K_S K_L$$


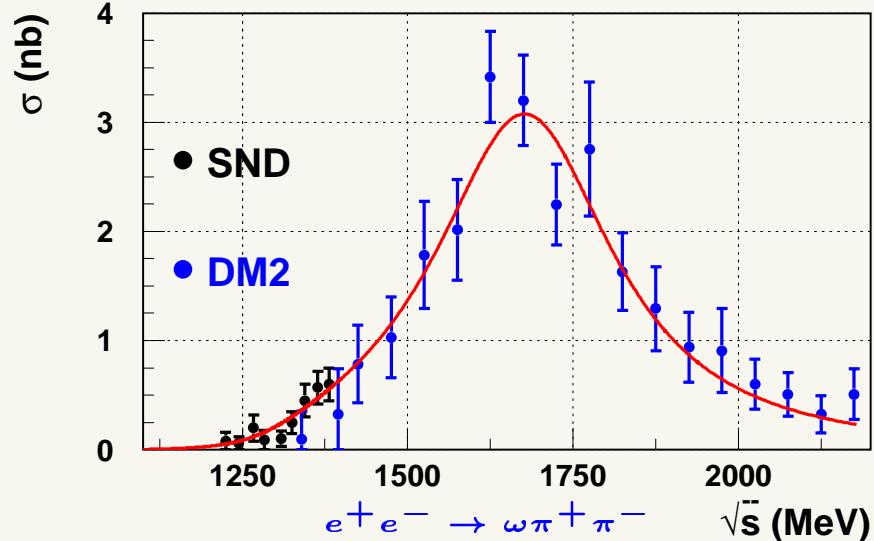
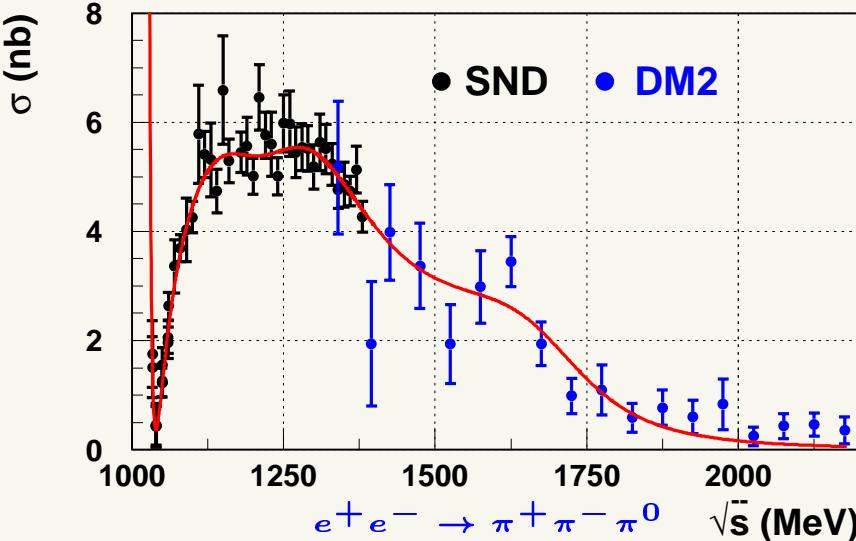
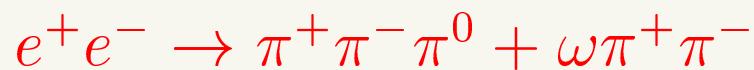
$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K_S K_L$$

$$(K_S \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0)$$

Systematic error: 7 % ( $\sqrt{s} < 1100$ ) MeV, 16 % ( $\sqrt{s} > 1100$ ) MeV



Systematic error: 5 %



	$\omega^1$	$\omega^2$	$\omega^3$
$m$ , MeV	$1250 \pm 29$	$1400 \pm 19$	$1771 \pm 28$
$\Gamma$ , MeV	$426 \pm 135$	$626 \pm 89$	$473 \pm 76$
$\sigma(V \rightarrow \rho\pi)$ , nb	$0.56 \pm 0.25$	$3.90 \pm 0.39$	$2.28 \pm 0.46$
$\sigma(V \rightarrow \omega\pi\pi)$ , nb	0	$0.046 \pm 0.039$	$2.49 \pm 0.33$
$\phi$	$\pi$	$\pi$	0
$\Gamma(V \rightarrow e^+e^-)$ , eV	$\sim 25$	$\sim 300$	$\sim 470$

## New project: VEPP-2000

Maximum beam energy – 1 GeV

Perimeter – 24.388 m

Time between collisions – 0.04  $\mu$  s

parameters at  $E_{beam} = 900$  MeV:

Luminosity –  $1 \cdot 10^{32}$

Beam current – 200 mA

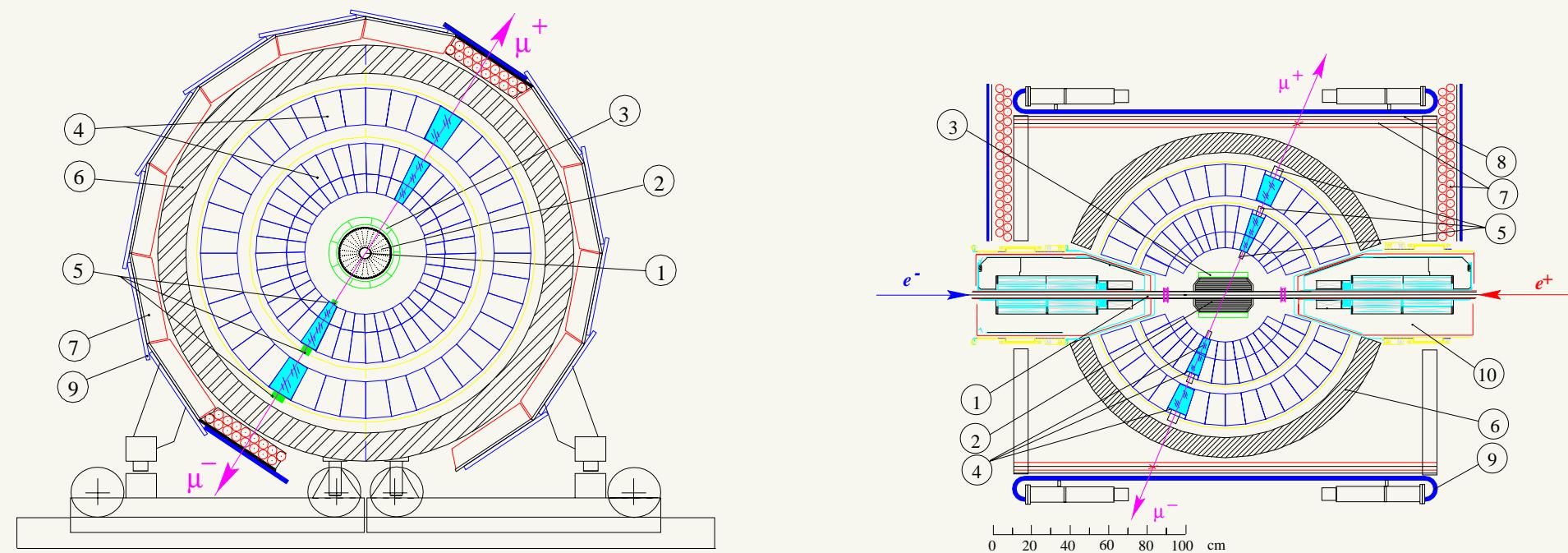
Number of particles in one bunch –  $1 \cdot 10^{11}$

Bunch length – 3.3 cm

Beta function at interaction point –  $\beta_x = \beta_z = 6.3$  cm

Energy spread –  $\sigma_E = 6.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$

## New project: SND Upgrade



1 - beam pipe, 2 - drift chamber, 3 - aerogel cherenkov counters, 4 - NaI(Tl) crystals, 5 - vacuum phototriodes, 6 - iron absorber, 7 - streamer tubes, 8 - 1cm iron absorber, 9 - scintillation counters, 10 - solenoids

## New project: SND Upgrade

Drift chamber (jet, gas Ar+10%CO <sub>2</sub> )	$\sigma_{R-\phi} = 150\mu \text{ m}$ ; $\sigma_z = 1 \div 1.5 \text{ mm}$ ; $\sigma_\phi = \sigma_\theta = 0.25^\circ$ $dE/dx: \pi/K \text{ for }  p  \leq 300 \text{ MeV};$ $\Omega = 0.94 \cdot 4\pi$
Calorimeter	new phototriods and electronics
Aerogel Counters	$\pi/K$ for $250 \text{ MeV} <  p  < 900 \text{ MeV}$

## Physics program

- measurement of cross sections of different processes, for example,  $e^+e^- \rightarrow 2\pi, \rho\pi, \omega\pi, KK, 4\pi, KK\pi$  etc.;
- measurement of full cross section  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ ;
- studying of parameters of vector resonances in energy range  $1.2 \div 2 \text{ GeV}$ ;
- $n\bar{n}, p\bar{p}$  form factors on threshold;
- two-photon physics:  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- + \pi^0, \eta, \eta', 2\pi^0$  etc.