

TDCPV WG status and $B^{0} \rightarrow \eta' K^{0}_{S}$ analysis) 12th Belle II Italian Meeting 16/12/2019

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Outline



• Status of TDCPV WG:

- B⁰ lifetime measurement
- $sin(2\phi_1)$ measurement from $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^0_{S}$
 - CP-side and Tag-side Vertex studies
 - Flavour tagger validation

- $B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K^0_{S}$
 - \circ **η'** in Phase III data
 - Study on MC12

$\tau(B^0)$ hadronic

Reem (IPHC Strasbourg) BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2019-017



- No flavour tagging needed,
- Using simple Δt resolution function
 - 3 gaussian
 - Not using event per event resolution
- 6 fully reconstructed hadronic final states.
 - In common with BToCharm WG

B ⁰	channels :
—	$B^0 \rightarrow D^- \rho^+$, $D^- \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$
_	$B^{0} \rightarrow D^{-} \pi^{+}$, $D^{*} \rightarrow D^{0} \pi^{-}$
_	$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \pi^+$,
-	$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \rho^+$
-	$B^{0} \rightarrow D^{*-}a1^{+}$

D ⁰ channels
$D^{0} \rightarrow K^{-} \pi^{+}$ $D^{0} \rightarrow K^{-} \pi^{+} \pi^{0}$ $D^{0} \rightarrow K^{-} \pi^{+} \pi^{+} \pi^{0}$
$\begin{array}{l} a \mathcal{1}^{\scriptscriptstyle +} \rightarrow \pi^{\scriptscriptstyle +} \ \pi^{\scriptscriptstyle +} \ \pi^{\scriptscriptstyle +} \ \pi^{\scriptscriptstyle -} \\ \rho^{\scriptscriptstyle +} \rightarrow \pi^{\scriptscriptstyle +} \ \pi^{\scriptscriptstyle 0} \end{array}$

Decay	Selection efficiency %
$B^0 \to D^- \pi^+$	20
$B^0 \rightarrow D^- \rho^+$	10
$B^0 \to D^{*-} \pi^+$	22
$B^0 \to D^{*-} \rho^+$	8
$B^0 \to D^{*-} a_1$	6.6

 B^{0} -> $D^{-} a_{1}^{+}$ excluded due to high background



Exp8 - O(1000) candidates



Lifetime extraction

BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2019-017



- UML fit on Δt with full pdf
 - Signal/BB/continuum
 - Fixing some parameters from MC
- Test on MC 80/fb
 - Data stil blind



$$P_{all}(\Delta t) = f_s \left(\begin{array}{c} P_{sig}(\Delta t) + f_{b\overline{b}} P_{b\overline{b}}(\Delta t) + (1 - f_s - f_{\overline{b}}) P_{cont}(\Delta t) \\ P_{sig}(\Delta t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{P}_{th}(\Delta t') \mathcal{R}_{sig}(\Delta t - \Delta t') d\Delta t'. \\ \mathcal{P}_{th}(\Delta t) = \frac{1}{2\tau_B} \exp\left(-\frac{|\Delta t|}{\tau_B}\right). \end{cases}$$

f_{s1}	0.4 ± 0.05
μ_{s1}	-0.0091 ± 0.09
σ_{s1}	0.451
f_{s2}	0.45 ± 0.054
μ_{s2}	-0.34 ± 0.11
σ_{s2}	1.23
f_{s3}	$1 - f_{s1} - f_{s2}$
μ_{s3}	-0.8 ± 0.21
σ_{s3}	4.09
$ au_{B^0}$	1.52 ± 0.019

Working on systematics

Target: Moriond

4

$sin(2\phi_1)$ measurement from $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^0_{s}$



Signal reconstruction is ready since this summer

Mode	Belle II, 2019 data		Belle II, MC expectation		Belle, 2001 data [2]	
	2.62 fb^{-1}	$1 { m ~fb^{-1}}$	$2.62 \mathrm{~fb}^{-1}$	1 fb^{-1}	$10.5~{\rm fb}^{-1}$	$1 \ {\rm fb}^{-1}$
$B^0 ightarrow J/\psi K^0_S$	26.9 ± 5.2	10.3 ± 2.0	27.5	10.5	123	11.7

• Expected O(100) events with 10/fb

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19 MARCH 2001

0

counts / (10 MeV)

Measurement of the *CP* Violation Parameter $\sin 2\phi_1$ in B_d^0 Meson Decays

A. Abashian,⁴⁴ K. Abe,⁸ K. Abe,³⁶ I. Adachi,⁸ Byoung Sup Ahn,¹⁴ H. Aihara,³⁷ M. Akatsu,¹⁹ G. Alimonti,⁷ K. Aoki,⁸

We present a measurement of the standard model *CP* violation parameter $\sin 2\phi_1$ (also known as $\sin 2\beta$) based on a 10.5 fb⁻¹ data sample collected at the Y(4S) resonance with the Belle detector at the KEKB asymmetrie e^+e^- collider. One neutral *B* meson is reconstructed in the $J/\psi K_S$, $\psi(2S)K_S$, $\chi_{c1}K_S$, $\eta_c K_S$, $J/\psi K_L$, or $J/\psi \pi^0$ *CP*-eigenstate decay channel and the flavor of the accompanying *B* meson is identified from its charged particle decay products. From the asymmetry in the distribution of the time interval between the two *B*-meson decay points, we determine $\sin 2\phi_1 = 0.58^{+0.32}_{-0.34}(\text{stat})^{+0.09}_{-0.10}(\text{syst})$.



Preparation and test of analysis tools



- Δt measurement, control samples, wrong tag fraction, Δt resolution
- A plan with work sharing is in place, involving many people and groups
- Italian contribution:
 - Fernando
 - FlavourTagger
 - Benjamin:
 - B⁰ -> J/psi K
 - Hard for winter conf maybe?
 - Chiara (now J)-
 - Had control sample
- Stefano Lacaprara, INFN Padova

Items	November		Dece	ember		January	Febura
CP-side reconstruction							
J/psi Ks S/B fractions							
J/psi Ks Bkg Dt					Yusa		
J/psi KL S/B w KLM			Benjamin				
J/psi KL S/B w KLM+ECL						Benjamin	
CP-side vertex							
Determination of standard option							
Check shape dependence to signma_z and e	chi^2						
Tag-side vertex					1.1		
Improving tagV module, testing BTube with R	a		Thibaud				
Add IPtube constraint to KFit				Tanigawa			
Determination of standard option							
Flavor tagging							
Skim, reconstruction and selection of control			Femanon				
Simultaneous fit to determine effcies, w and I			1.1.1.00.1.00.0.0	Co			
Hadronic control sample							
MC sample		Chiara					
data sample		Chiara					
list up necessary parameters for fitter		Onuki					
prepare definition file for fitter				Onuki		Torretfo	Mariand
Semi-leptonic control sample						Target to	rivioriona
MC sample	2	Thomas					
data sample		Thomas					
list up necessary parameters for fitter		Yusa					1
prepare definition file for fitter				Yusa	<u>4</u>		
Resolution function					14 10		
fit MC and determine non-primary track part					Yusa, Onuki		
fit data ande determine detector part						Yusa, Onuki	
fit data and determine resolution and wtag						Yusa, Onuki	
CP fit							
modify fitter (hadronic part)					Onuki, Chiara	19 C	
modify fitter (semi-leptonic part)					Yusa		
discussion for blind open and fit to data							
							B2GM (Feb. 3-7)
TD fits of control and signal channels							

Todav

Tag Vertex issues

- Current algo is TagV, based internally on RAVE (CMS).
 - Lack of developers for TagV and no support for RAVE
 - Investigating use of KFit in place of RAVE
 - Personpower needed, you are welcome to join!
- Due to nano beam, the IP constraint is tricky to use
 - IP constraint is wrong if B flies long time
 - Using IP constraint can bias the Tag Vertex Z residuals
 - Elongating along B boost better but not yet perfect





Tag Vertex Fit

- Btube constraint
- Propagate B_{sig} to beamspot
 - Get the vertex of both B
 - Compute flight direction of B_{TAG}
 - Use the tube as a constraint on tag side
 - <u>https://agira.desy.de/browse/BIIANA-120</u>



Sourav (Tel Aviv), Thibaud (MPI)





Btube vs other constraint





- RMS and mean vs Δz_{MC} for various constraint
- Breco is the actual standard de-facto



- Efficiency vs Δz_{MC} : as good as Breco
- Btube has no (or little) bias vs Δz_{MC}

2.5

-2.5

0.0

 $\Delta z^{MC} \mu m$

Mean vs ∆z_{мc}

• Next step is test with KFit in place of RAVE

IP const.

no const. boost

10.0

BTube

Breco

7.5

5.0

• Test on data: fit mixing and lifetime

CP-side vertex: IP constraint w/ KFit





Flavor tagger validation

Fernando (TS) Colm (IPMU)



- Use fully-hadronic self-tagged B⁰ decay
- **Use Time Integrated PDF**
 - signal flavour **a** flavour and tag-side β , χ_d B meson mixing Ο

$$\mathcal{P}^{ ext{Obs}}_{lphaeta} = rac{arepsilon}{2} [1 - lphaeta(lpha\cdot\Delta w + (1-2w)\cdot(1-2\chi_d))]$$

- From fit get: $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{i}, w_{i}, \Delta w_{i}$ for i=1,7 bins (r=|1-2w|)
- Closure test on MC ok
- Working toward a full fit



Control Samples (same as $\tau(B^0)$)



Plus neutral modes

FBDT qrCombined FANN grCombined DNN grCombined



Status of $B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K^0_s$

- η' in phase 3
- $\eta' \rightarrow \eta(\rightarrow \gamma \gamma) \pi^+ \pi^-$ in MC12

Introduction



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Shaded $\eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi \pi$, white all (including $\eta' \rightarrow \rho \gamma$)

Plan (today)



- Rediscover η and η' in all final states, and compare with MC expectation
- Study selection and efficiency for $B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K^0_s$ in MC
 - $\circ \quad \mathbf{\eta'} \to \mathbf{\eta} (\to \gamma \gamma) \, \pi^+ \pi^-,$
 - $\circ \quad \mathbf{\eta'} \to \mathbf{\eta} (\to \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) \ \pi^+ \pi^-,$
 - $\circ \quad \eta' \rightarrow \rho (\rightarrow \pi^{+} \pi^{-}) \gamma$
- Apply selection to generic Run dependent MC to check signal yield
 - Setup and 2D fit on M_{bc} - ΔE for signal extraction (not today but ready)
- Study Data continuum and side bands for background assessment
- Repeat for B⁺
- Document everything
- Finalize selection for Data
 - Review process toward unblinding
- Systematics and unblinding



η rediscovery in phase3 (and 2) $\rightarrow \pi^{+}\pi^{-}$) γ $\eta' \rightarrow \eta (\rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) \pi^+ \pi^ \eta' \rightarrow \rho($ $\eta' \rightarrow \eta (\rightarrow \gamma \gamma) \pi^+ \pi^-$ GeV Belle II 2019 Preliminary GeV/c^2 3500 Belle II 2019 Preliminary 0.0015 GeV Phase 3 - exp 7+8 -∓- Data Belle II 2019 Preliminary 🕂 Data 0.002 (Phase 3 - exp 7+8 250 Fit — Fit Phase 3 - exp 7+8 $3000 - Ldt = 6.100 \ fb$ 1000 $\int Ldt = 6.100 \ fb^{-1}$ $\int Ldt = 6.1 \ fb^{-1}$ Signal Signal Events / (0.001 Background Background Events / (600 1500 $(1.38 \pm 0.14) 10^3 candidates$ $Yield = (5.40 \pm 0.31)10^{3} cands$ (5.22 ± 0.16)10³candidates - Data $= (955.10 \pm 0.59) MeV/c^{2}$ $1000 - \mu = (953.8 \pm 0.4) MeV/c^2$ $\mu = (957.13 \pm 0.10) MeV/c^2$ - Fit $= (8.93 \pm 0.69) MeV/c^2$ $\sigma = (3.12 \pm 0.14) MeV/c^2$ $\sigma = (7.5 \pm 0.4) MeV/c^2$ Signal >0.40 GeV ->0.40 GeV E,>0.6 GeV E >0.6 GeV Background Ш lln lln M (GeV) 0.95 $M_{\gamma\gamma\pi^+\pi^-}(GeV/c^2)$ M (GeV)

- $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$, $\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$, $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ and phase2 in backup
- For $\rho(\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) \gamma$ applied a π^0 veto: S/B improved
 - TreeFitter w/ mass constraint on η/π^0 , not on ρ
- Very good agreement with MC: peak position, width, and yield
- At Belle width: 2.7 vs 3.12 MeV ($\gamma\gamma\pi^+\pi^-$) and 8.8 vs 7.5 MeV ($\rho\gamma$)

BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2018-038

Efficiency $\mathsf{B}^0 \to \eta' (\to \eta (\to \gamma \gamma) \pi^+ \pi^-) \mathsf{K}^0_{\mathsf{S}} (\to \pi^+ \pi^-)$

- Signal efficiency and SxF varied a lot depending:
 - MC campaign (simulated beam background)
 - Basf2 release (issue and improvement on reconstruction, mostly tracking and vertexing)

MC Campaign/Release	Efficiency	SxF
MC7/Rel-09 (B2TIP)	23 %	3.8 %
MC9/Rel-02	22 %	6.7 %
MC10/Rel-02	11 %	3.5 %
MC12b/Rel-03	19 %	4.5 %
MC12b/Rel-04	37 %	9.3 %
" Best Cand -SxF BDT	34 %	4.0 %



Optimized for Efficiency, not (yet) for SxF suppression. Just using old (B2TIP) cuts, including SxF BDT (see backup)

Pdf: Signal - SxF - Bkg - BB





Test on Run Dependent MC12d





Continuum (+*r***) + BBar** L = 10 /fb

DS	Exp'd	Seen	
Signal	~10	3	
Bkg	~100	40	
BB	~3	1	

A quick test, much to be understood yet.

Data still blind Will look at SB and continuum

Summary



- TDCPV WG plan for Moriond
 - \circ B⁰ lifetime with hadronic modes
 - First TD B0 $\rightarrow K_{S}^{0} J/\psi$ measurement
- Rediscovery of hadronic penguin $B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K^0_{S}$
 - Very good η ' signal seen on data
 - Very good efficiency with release 4
 - First test on Run dependent MC
 - Difficult for Moriond
 - Short timescale and personpower issue: will try anyway.



Backup



B⁰ lifetime measurement



- Measurement of B meson lifetimes with hadronic decay final states
 - Phase III data,
 - IPHC Strasbourg, Reem Rasheed et al
 - BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2019-017
 - Status: in review by conveeners, soon to go to RC
- No flavour tagging needed, simple Dt resolution function
 - 6 fully reconstructed hadronic final states. In common with BToCharm WG

•	B ⁰	channels :	D ⁰ channels
	_	$B^0 \rightarrow D^- \rho^+$, $D^- \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	$D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$
	_	$B^0 \rightarrow D^- \pi^+$, $D^* \rightarrow D^0 \pi^-$	$D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$
	_	$B^{ m o} ightarrow D^{st -} \pi^{st}$,	$D^{\circ} \rightarrow K^{\circ} \pi^{+} \pi^{+} \pi^{-}$
	-	$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*} \rho^+$	
	-	B ^o → D*- a1+	$aI^{+} \rightarrow \pi^{+} \pi^{+} \pi^{-}$ $\rho^{+} \rightarrow \pi^{+} \pi^{0}$
			P

Decay	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Selection efficiency} \\ \% \end{array}$	σ_{effe} (statistical) %		
$B^0 \rightarrow D^- \pi^+$	20	0.04		
$B^0 \rightarrow D^- \rho^+$	10	0.03		
$B^0 \to D^{*-} \pi^+$	22	0.043		
$B^0 \to D^{*-} \rho^+$	8	0.025		
$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-}a_1$	6.6	0.019		

 $B^{0} \rightarrow D^{-} a_{1}^{+}$ excluded due to hig background

Δt model and fit (MC only)

- Convolution of physics
- $\mathcal{P}_{th}(\Delta t) = \frac{1}{2\tau_B} \exp\left(-\frac{|\Delta t|}{\tau_B}\right).$
- And resolution function

$$P_{sig}(\Delta t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{P}_{th}(\Delta t') \mathcal{R}_{sig}(\Delta t - \Delta t') d\Delta t'.$$

- Not using the event-based uncertainty
 - \circ ~ No dependency of Δz residual on $\Delta t_{_{MC}}$
- Simplified model:

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- triple gaussian separately for signal and tag side
- For signal, continuum, BB

1400

1200

1000

800

600

400

200

Events/(0.0004 cm)









Signal in MC and Data



• 2D fit on Mbc and DE with signal, BB, and continuum contribution



- In data (exp8 only), O(1000) candidates
- Clean signal
 - $f_{sig} \sim 53\%$ in signal region (0.4 for MC)



Δt model and fit (MC only)

- Convolution of physics
- $\mathcal{P}_{th}(\Delta t) = \frac{1}{2\tau_B} \exp\left(-\frac{|\Delta t|}{\tau_B}\right).$
- And resolution function

$$\mathsf{P}_{sig}(\Delta t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{P}_{th}(\Delta t') \,\mathcal{R}_{sig}(\Delta t - \Delta t') \mathrm{d}\Delta t'.$$

- Not using the event-based uncertainty
 - \circ ~ No dependency of Δz residual on $\Delta t_{_{MC}}$
- Simplified model:
 - triple gaussian separately for signal and tag side
 - For signal, continuum, BB

1400

1200

1000

800

600

400

200

Events/(0.0004 cm)







Lifetime extraction

- UML fit on Δt with full pdf $P_{all}(\Delta t) = f_s P_{sig}(\Delta t) + f_{b\bar{b}} P_{b\bar{b}}(\Delta t) + (1 f_s f_{\bar{b}}) P_{cont}(\Delta t).$
 - Fixing some parameters from MC
- Test on MC 80/fb

signal

bb bkg

con bkg

1200

1000

800

600

400

200

0

-10

Events/(0.2 ps)

• Data stil blind

 $\mathcal{R}_{sig}(\Delta t) = f_{s1} \mathcal{N}(\Delta t; \, \mu_{s1}, \sigma_{s1}) + f_{s2} \mathcal{N}(\Delta t; \, \mu_{s2}, \sigma_{s2}) + (1 - f_{s1} - f_{s2}) \mathcal{N}(\Delta t; \, \mu_{s3}, \sigma_{s3})(4)$





f_{s1}	0.4 ± 0.05
μ_{s1}	-0.0091 ± 0.09
σ_{s1}	0.451
f_{s2}	0.45 ± 0.054
μ_{s2}	-0.34 ± 0.11
σ_{s2}	1.23
f_{s3}	$1 - f_{s1} - f_{s2}$
μ_{s3}	-0.8 ± 0.21
σ_{s3}	4.09
$ au_{B^0}$	1.52 ± 0.019

 $P_{sig}(\Delta t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \mathcal{P}_{th}(\Delta t') \,\mathcal{R}_{sig}(\Delta t - \Delta t') \mathrm{d}\Delta t'.$

Working on systematics

Target: Moriond



Flavor tagger validation

- Use fully-hadronic self-tagged B⁰ decay
- Use Time Integrated PDF
 - \circ signal flavour α flavour and tag-side β

$$\mathcal{P}^{ ext{Obs}}_{lphaeta} = rac{arepsilon}{2} [1 - lphaeta(lpha\cdot\Delta w + (1-2w)\cdot(1-2\chi_d))]$$

- ε Tagging efficiency
- w wrong tag probability
- Δw (B vs Bbar w)
- a flavour of signal side B (self tagged)
- β flavour of tag side B (flavour tagger)
- χ_d B meson mixing
- From fit get: $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{i}, w_{i}, \Delta w_{i}$
 - for i=1,7 bins (r=|1-2w|)

Fernando (TS) Colm (IPMU)



Control Samples (same as $\tau(B^0)$)



Plus neutral modes

Results on MC: total effective eff



On MC: testing fit machinery Also $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_i, \boldsymbol{w}_i, \Delta \boldsymbol{w}_i$ measured Good match with MC truth



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Write 2D fit for with components for signal, continuum and BBar

 $\mathcal{P}_{\mathrm{Sig}} = \mathcal{P}(\Delta E) imes \mathcal{P}(M_{bc} | \Delta E) imes \mathcal{P}(arepsilon, w, \Delta w, lpha, eta)$



MPI fit method



- UML fit for TDCPV assumes that Δt resolution is independent on measured parameters and efficiency uniform in Δt , Δt_{true} . What if not.
- Reweight MC sample to get pdf of each event, instead of a analytic common pdf (eg tri-gaussian)
 - MC/Data discrepancy are cured by smearing MC quantities $\Delta t'_{rec} = \Delta t_{rec} + G(\alpha \cdot \delta(\Delta t_{rec}))$
 - α can be extracted from the fit
 - \circ ~ Use control sample (no CPV) to get α (smearing factor) from data
- Same fit to extract $\tau(B^0) \tau(B^+)$, δm , S, and w_i , Δw_i , as well as smearing factor
 - Tested on MC12b (MC vs MC, no smearing needed not found)
 - And Belle w/ B2BII
 - Strong correlation τ α

	S	au(ps)	$\delta m (ps^{-1})$	α_{smear}
assistive MC	0.69	1.535	0.502	
Belle data $J/\psi(\mu\mu)K_S^0$				
1 par. MPI TDCPV	0.595 ± 0.042	1.525 (fixed)	0.507~(fixed)	
3 par. MPI TDCPV	0.586 ± 0.042	1.641 ± 0.030	0.543 ± 0.039	-
4 par. MPI TDCPV	0.621 ± 0.046	1.536 ± 0.049	0.554 ± 0.041	0.71 ± 0.13
$PRL (2012) J/\psi K_S^0$	0.670 ± 0.029	1.525~(fixed)	$0.507 \ (fixed)$	28

Final states considered (Belle)



- $\eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$: BR=42.6% $\circ \eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$: BR=38.41% $\circ \eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$:BR=22.94% • $\eta' \rightarrow \rho(\rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)\gamma$: BR=28.9% \circ Including non resonant $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ • $K_{S}^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$: BR=69.2 %
- In Belle, most of signal comes from
- $\eta' \rightarrow \rho(\rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) \gamma$

 $\eta \to \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ was not used in this analysis, only $\eta \to \gamma \gamma$

Mode	N_S	$\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$	ϵ (%)	$\epsilon B_{s}(\%)$	$BF(10^{-6})$
$\eta'_{\eta\pi\pi}K^+$	$28.9^{+6.5}_{-5.7}$	9.4	21.7	3.78	69^{+15}_{-14}
$\eta'_{\rho\gamma}K^+$	$42.5_{-8.3}^{+9.1}$	7.5	14.2	4.18	92^{+20}_{-18}
$\eta'_{\eta\pi\pi}\pi^+$	$0.0^{+1.2}_{-0.0}$	0.0	23.7	4.11	_
$\eta'_{ ho\gamma}\pi^+$	$0.0\substack{+5.6 \\ -0.0}$	0.0	15.4	4.55	-
$\eta'_{\eta\pi\pi}K^0$	$6.4^{+3.4}_{-2.7}$	3.5	20.8	1.25	46^{+25}_{-20}
$\eta'_{\rho\gamma}K^0$	$10.1^{+4.4}_{-3.6}$	4.0	11.5	1.16	79^{+34}_{-28}





 $\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$





 $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$







- Good signal also in Phase2 (see backup)
- Good agreement with MC12d MC (run dependent)
 - \circ For position, width, and yield
 - Width for $\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ at Belle 12 MeV (Belle2 13.9 MeV)

 $\eta' \rightarrow \eta(\rightarrow \gamma \gamma) \pi^+ \pi^-$





 $\eta' \rightarrow \eta(\rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) \pi^+ \pi^-$



M (GeV)





SxF Mitigation: fastBDT



Signal SxF

Almost 100% of SxF from $\eta(\rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$.



10 0.001 0.003

101

102

10-

10

10

10-

107

-1.00-0.75 -0.50 -0.25



 η ' vertex variables

0.25 0.50

SxF FastBDT output





Correlation (for signal)



