## RC Meeting July 14

Semileptonic asymmetry:

Asl Btag = -2(|q/p|-1) double tag Asl Dtag =  $-2(|q/p|-1)\chi_d$  single tag

Different s.l. asymmetries in the two samples reflect in:

Possibility to disentangle the physical vs detector asymmetry;
 FDtag(k=|q/p|-1):

$$F^{u+}(k) = F^{u+}(0)(1-2k\chi)/(1-2\kappa\chi F^{u+}(0))$$
  

$$F^{u-}(k) = F^{u-}(0)(1+2k\chi)/(1+2\kappa\chi F^{u-}(0))$$
  

$$F^{m+}(k) = F^{m+}(0)(1-2k\chi)/(1-2\kappa+2\kappa(1-\chi)F^{m+}(0))$$
  

$$F^{m-}(k) = F^{m-}(0)(1+2k\chi)/(1+2\kappa-2\kappa(1-\chi)F^{m-}(0))$$

In the standard approach  $F^{um/+}(k)$  are free parameters of the global fit, determined from the distribution of the angle between the tagging K and the lepton of the P.R.  $B^0$  decay.

Explicit F Dtag k dependence not introduced in the fit;

F(k) wrong determination reflects in a |q/p| bias.

## New Approach: F<sup>um/+-</sup>(0) from MC (systematics to be studied); Explicit k dependence included in the fit:



q/p bias disappeared on B<sup>0</sup> combinatorial BKG!

...BUT another problem arises in the SIG+BKG combination...



Problem due (?) to a bug in the combinatorial BKG fraction, already found, but not solved yet...